Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of The Division for Early Childhood of the Council for Exceptional Children

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Division for Early Childhood of the Council for Exceptional Children ("the Division"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021; the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended; and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Vienna, Virginia October 31, 2023

Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		 2021
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,159,601	\$ 936,835
Accounts receivable		50,802	62,842
Prepaid expenses		21,353	20,635
Inventory		55,157	47,538
Cash equivalents held for endowment		45,701	 45,682
Total assets	\$	1,332,614	\$ 1,113,532
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	51,505	\$ 44,293
Deferred revenue		253,385	143,976
Loan payable – Paycheck Protection Program		-	 46,672
Total liabilities		304,890	 234,941
Net Assets			
Without donor restrictions		982,023	832,909
With donor restrictions		45,701	 45,682
Total net assets		1,027,724	 878,591
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,332,614	\$ 1,113,532

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Revenue and Support					
Conference revenue	\$	399,078	\$	-	\$ 399,078
Membership dues		76,656		-	76,656
Publications and subscriptions		126,800		-	126,800
Government grants		369,049		-	369,049
Contributions and grants		189		-	189
Interest and return on endowments		9		19	28
Royalties		7,545		-	7,545
Other revenue		46,739			 46,739
Total revenue and support		1,026,065		19	 1,026,084
Expenses					
Program services:					
Conference		169,084		-	169,084
Education and publications		429,940		-	429,940
Member services		149,469			 149,469
Total program services		748,493			 748,493
Supporting services:					
General and administrative		128,458			 128,458
Total supporting services		128,458			128,458
Total expenses		876,951			 876,951
Change in Net Assets		149,114		19	149,133
Net Assets, beginning of year		832,909		45,682	878,591
Net Assets, end of year	\$	982,023	\$	45,701	\$ 1,027,724

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions						With Donor Restrictions				Total		
Revenue and Support													
Conference revenue	\$	378,395	\$	-	\$	378,395							
Membership dues		85,767		-		85,767							
Publications and subscriptions		148,005		-		148,005							
Government grants		418,213		-		418,213							
Contributions and grants		1,222		-		1,222							
Interest and return on endowments		8		52		60							
Royalties		14,410		-		14,410							
Other revenue		58,996				58,996							
Total revenue and support		1,105,016		52		1,105,068							
Expenses													
Program services:													
Conference		122,233		-		122,233							
Education and publications		432,106		-		432,106							
Member services		85,059				85,059							
Total program services		639,398				639,398							
Supporting services:													
General and administrative		150,398				150,398							
Total supporting services		150,398			,	150,398							
Total expenses		789,796				789,796							
Change in Net Assets		315,220		52		315,272							
Net Assets, beginning of year		517,689		45,630		563,319							
Net Assets, end of year	\$	832,909	\$	45,682	\$	878,591							

Statement of Functional Expenses
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	Supporting Services			
		Education and Member Total Program		General and	Total	
	Conference	Publications	Services	Services	Administrative	Expenses
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 84,153	\$ 138,443	\$ 42,076	\$ 264,672	\$ 34,999	\$ 299,671
Cost of publications	26,498	59,304	22,434	108,236	1,572	109,808
Contract services	18,979	30,000	55,010	103,989	34,193	138,182
Minor equipment/rental	-	2,471	-	2,471	1,011	3,482
Dues and publications	1,128	332	1,797	3,257	2,478	5,735
Honoraria	15,375	500	-	15,875	-	15,875
Outreach	2,819	193	10,503	13,515	588	14,103
Postage and printing	302	17,368	-	17,670	83	17,753
Utilities	-	-	-	-	203	203
Space costs/meeting rooms	5,885	-	2,051	7,936	530	8,466
Supplies	281	-	1,277	1,558	531	2,089
Travel and training	4,319	4,259	13,833	22,411	8,048	30,459
Sponsorships	633	-	-	633	-	633
Partnership activity	-	175,210	-	175,210	-	175,210
Insurance	1,620	-	-	1,620	6,053	7,673
Bank/credit card processing	7,092	1,860	3	8,955	295	9,250
Office expenses	-	-	485	485	1,786	2,271
Other expenses		-	-	-	36,088	36,088
Total Expenses	\$ 169,084	\$ 429,940	\$ 149,469	\$ 748,493	\$ 128,458	\$ 876,951

Statement of Functional Ex	penses
For the Year Ended June 30	0, 2021

			pporting ervices							
		Program Services Education and Member Total Program								Total
	Conference	Publications		Services	e		General and Administrative		Expenses	
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 75,816	\$ 129,770	¢	37,908	¢	243,494	\$	46,297	\$	289,791
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Cost of publications	20,380			28,527		146,663		5,563		152,226
Contract services	1,140			12,128		34,547		38,241		72,788
Minor equipment/rental	-	2,135		-		2,135		3,364		5,499
Dues and publications	-	720		590		1,310		429		1,739
Honoraria	2,025	2,500		-		4,525		-		4,525
Outreach	859	52		2,019		2,930		292		3,222
Postage and printing	139	23,657		-		23,796		210		24,006
Utilities	-	-		-		-		561		561
Space costs/meeting rooms	9,344	-		885		10,229		60		10,289
Supplies	29	52		2,066		2,147		1,491		3,638
Travel and training	2,770	49		936		3,755		3,794		7,549
Sponsorships	1,518	-		-		1,518		-		1,518
Partnership activity	-	152,256		-		152,256		41,000		193,256
Insurance	1,081	-		-		1,081		8,280		9,361
Bank/credit card processing	7,132	1,880		-		9,012		816		9,828
Total Expenses	\$ 122,233	\$ 432,106	\$	85,059	\$	639,398	\$	150,398	\$	789,796

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$ 149,133	\$	315,272	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Unrealized gain on endowments	(19)		(52)	
Forgiveness on loan payable – Paycheck				
Protection Program	(46,672)		(58,558)	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in:				
Accounts receivable	12,040		58,923	
Prepaid expenses	(718)		83	
Inventory	(7,619)		1,626	
Increase in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,212		16,779	
Deferred revenue	 109,409		91,319	
Net cash provided by operating activities	 222,766		425,392	
Cash Flows from Financing Activity				
Proceeds from issuance of loan – Paycheck Protection Program	 -		46,672	
Net cash provided by financing activity	 		46,672	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	222,766		472,064	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	 936,835		464,771	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,159,601	\$	936,835	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

1. Nature of Operations

The Division for Early Childhood of the Council for Exceptional Children ("the Division") is a professional membership organization designed for individuals who work with or on behalf of children with special needs, birth through age eight, and their families. Founded in 1973, the Division is dedicated to promoting policies and practices that support families and enhance the optimal development of children. Children with special needs include those who have disabilities, developmental delays, are gifted and talented, or are at risk of future developmental problems.

The Division (1) focuses on the promotion of parent-professional collaboration in the implementation of early childhood intervention services, (2) advocates for policy, planning, and best practices in prevention and intervention, and (3) supports those who work with or on behalf of young children with special needs and their families, and accomplishes these goals through professional development, collaboration, research, and dissemination of information.

The Division is a nonprofit corporation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Division is a Montana Corporation operating in Colorado and California as foreign corporations. Members of the Division are located throughout the United States, Canada, and other countries.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The Division's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Net assets are reported based on the presence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Classification of Net Assets

- *Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions* Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.
- Net Assets With Donor Restrictions Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates those resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Division considers as cash equivalents all highly liquid investments, which can be converted into known amounts of cash and have a maturity period of 90 days or less at the time of purchase.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents the amounts owed to the Division from the Council for Exceptional Children (CEC) and amounts due from publications and members. The CEC collects payments for dues and subscriptions on behalf of the Division, and pays for related costs of those activities. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, CEC held cash for the Division of \$6,262 and \$8,639, respectively. These amounts are included in accounts receivable.

The Division uses the specific write-off method for recording bad debts, which is not a method generally accepted under current accounting standards. The difference between these two methods is not considered material to the financial statements. Management reviews individual receivables periodically and writes off any receivable deemed uncollectible. There were no amounts written off during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Accounts receivable are stated at unpaid balances. Accounts receivable are considered past due when not collected in accordance with contractual terms. No receivables have been considered past due at June 30, 2022 and 2021. No interest is charged on accounts receivable.

Inventory

Inventory consists of publications, which are valued at the lower of cost or market on average cost method. Obsolete or slow-moving inventory is written off based on assumptions about future demand and marketability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue Accounted for as Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognized when the Division satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good to, or performing a service for, a customer. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration the Division expects to receive in exchange for satisfying distinct performance obligations. If a performance obligation does not meet the criteria to be considered distinct, the Division combines it with other performance obligations until a distinct bundle of goods or services exists. Fees or amounts received in advance of satisfying contractual performance obligations are reflected as deferred revenue in the statements of financial position. Revenue is recognized either over time or at the point in time that contractual obligations are met.

Conference revenue consists of registration fees, exhibitors, advertising, and other event revenue. Revenue is recognized when the conference and other events are held and services are provided. Amounts received in advance are deferred and recognized when the performance obligations are met.

Membership dues revenue is recognized ratably over the related membership period. Membership dues payments collected in advance of the related membership period are recorded as deferred revenue until earned over the membership period.

Publications and subscriptions revenue is recognized as revenue when the performance obligations under the contract arrangements are met. Payments received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

Revenue Accounted for in Accordance with Contribution Accounting

Grants and contributions that are nonreciprocal are recognized as revenue when cash, securities, or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. The Division reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received or promised with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated funds to one of the Division's programs or to a future year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

Revenue Accounted for in Accordance with Contribution Accounting (continued)

When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Conditional contributions contain a donor-imposed condition that represents a barrier that must be overcome before the Division is entitled to the assets transferred or promised. Failure to overcome the barrier gives the donor a right of return of the assets it has transferred or gives the promisor a right of release from its obligation to transfer its assets. Additionally, the Division has agreements with government agencies. The agreements contain substantial conditions that must be met prior to recognition of revenue. The donor-imposed conditions primarily consist of qualifying expenditures that must be incurred by the Division before the governmental agency will reimburse those expenditures. Conditional contributions are recognized as revenue, either with or without donor restrictions, when donor-imposed conditions are substantially met, and any barriers are overcome. Donor restrictions are also satisfied when qualifying expenditures are incurred for the donor-specified program.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Advertising Expenses

The Division expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expenses were \$3,600 and \$1,203 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, *Leases*. The update requires a lessee to recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, in its statements of financial position. The guidance also expands the required quantitative and qualitative lease disclosures. The guidance is effective beginning in the Division's fiscal year 2023.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Division has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through October 31, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Liquidity and Availability

The Division strives to maintain liquid financial assets sufficient to cover its general expenditures. Management periodically reviews the Division's liquid asset needs and adjusts the cash and cash equivalents balances as necessary.

Additionally, the Division considers unappropriated endowment earnings, which are amounts held in cash and cash equivalents for use in current programs that are ongoing, major, and central to its annual operations, to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures.

3. Liquidity and Availability (continued)

Financial assets that are available for general expenditures within one year of the statements of financial position date comprise the following at June 30:

	 2022	 2021
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,159,601 50,802	\$ 936,835 62,842
Cash equivalents held for endowment — available for expenditures	 794	 775
Total available for general expenditures	\$ 1,211,197	\$ 1,000,452

4. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Division to significant concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Division maintains cash deposit and transaction accounts with various financial institutions and these values, from time to time, exceed insurable limits under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Division has not experienced any credit losses on its cash and cash equivalents to date as it relates to FDIC insurance limits. Management periodically assesses the financial condition of these financial institutions and believes that the risk of any credit loss is minimal.

5. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Division's membership dues include quarterly journal and other membership benefits, such as access to the members-only section of the website, e-newsletter subscriptions, and discounts on certain services and events. The promises to deliver all of the performance obligations included in the membership dues, other than the journal subscription, are distinct; however, the Division has determined that each individual benefit is not material in the context of the membership agreement and should be accounted for as a single performance obligation. All the membership benefits are received simultaneously and the membership performance obligation is satisfied over time. Accordingly, membership benefits are recognized ratably over the membership period.

All other types of deferred revenue payments, such as deferred conference revenue, are recognized as revenue in the accompanying statements of activities as the performance obligation is met.

5. Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

The following table provides information about changes in deferred revenue for the years ended June 30:

	Deferred Membership Dues		Co	Deferred onference Revenue	 Total		
Balance at June 30, 2020 Change in deferred revenue	\$	43,063 (2,776)	\$	9,594 94,095	\$ 52,657 91,319		
Balance at June 30, 2021 Change in deferred revenue		40,287 (3,556)		103,689 112,965	 143,976 109,409		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	36,731	\$	216,654	\$ 253,385		

6. Loan Payable – Paycheck Protection Program

The Division applied for two loans under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) pursuant to Division A, Title 1 of the CARES Act, which was enacted on March 27, 2020. The PPP is a loan designed to provide a direct incentive for small businesses to keep their workers on the payroll through the COVID-19 coronavirus, for which the Division qualified. After the loans are granted, the Small Business Administration (SBA) will forgive loans if all employee retention criteria are met, and the funds are used for eligible expenses.

The initial loan was granted to the Division on May 6, 2020 in the amount of \$58,558, with terms including a 1.00% fixed interest rate. The loan was scheduled to mature on May 6, 2022. On June 14, 2021 the SBA approved full forgiveness of the loan, and remitted the forgiveness amount to the financial institution, including applicable interest accruals. The forgiveness amount is recognized in other revenue in the accompanying statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Division was granted a second draw on the loan on May 14, 2021, in the amount of \$46,672, with terms similar to the initial draw, including a 1.00% fixed interest rate. The loan was scheduled to mature on May 14, 2026. On February 18, 2022 the SBA approved full forgiveness of the loan, and remitted the forgiveness amount to the financial institution, including applicable interest accruals. The forgiveness amount is recognized in other revenue in the accompanying statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

7. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions were restricted for the following at June 30:

		2022		2021	
Unappropriated endowment earnings Rose C. Engel endowment fund J. David Sexton endowment fund	\$	794 20,000 24,907	\$	775 20,000 24,907	
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	45,701	\$	45,682	

8. Endowment

The Division's endowment has been funded by donor-restricted contributions to be held in perpetuity, the earnings of which can be used for travel assistance awards. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Rose C. Engel Endowment Fund

In 1994, the Division received a \$20,000 contribution to establish the Rose C. Engel endowment fund. The principal of the fund is to remain intact, while income earned by the fund is to be used to make annual cash awards to outstanding professionals meeting established criteria. Earnings on the endowment are classified as net assets with donor restrictions, along with the principal of the endowment. The balance of the Rose C. Engel endowment fund as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$20,699 and \$20,690, respectively.

J. David Sexton Endowment Fund

In 2001, the Division received contributions to establish the J. David Sexton endowment fund. The principal of the fund is to remain intact, with income earned to be divided equally among principal and a fund for doctoral student awards. Funds for the doctoral student awards are classified as net assets with donor restrictions until awarded. Once the principal balance reaches \$40,000, the Board may use all of the income generated to fund other research-related activities, as long as the student cash award is at a minimum of \$500 per year. The balance of the J. David Sexton endowment fund as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$25,002 and \$24,992, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Endowment (continued)

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors has interpreted the Montana Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (MUPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. In accordance with MUPMIFA, the Division considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donorrestricted funds: (1) duration and preservation of the fund; (2) purposes of the Division and the donor-restricted endowment fund; (3) general economic conditions; (4) possible effect of inflation and deflation; (5) expected total return from income and the appreciation or depreciation of investments; (6) other resources of the Division; and (7) investment policies of the Division.

Spending Policy

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in the principal of the endowment fund is also classified as donor-restricted, until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by MUPMIFA.

Return Objectives, Risk Parameters, and Strategies

The Division has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the organization must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period, as well as Board-designated funds. Under this policy, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce consistent results while assuming a prudent level of investment risk. The Division targets an asset allocation of fixed income and cash equivalents.

8. Endowment (continued)

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or MUPMIFA requires the organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, deficiencies of this nature would be reported by the Division in net assets without donor restrictions. These deficiencies result from unfavorable market fluctuations that occur during the investment of the donor-restricted contribution and continued appropriation for certain programs that are deemed prudent by the Board of Directors. There were no such deficiencies as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The Division's spending policy allows an annual distribution not to exceed the average net earnings, growth, and income. Any portion of the annual distribution funds not distributed in any given year will be retained in the endowment fund for expenditure in future years. The Division expects its spending policy to allow the endowment to grow and to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets.

Composition of Endowment Funds

Endowment net asset composition was as follows at June 30:

	2022		2021	
Rose C. Engel endowment J. David Sexton endowment	\$	20,699 25,002	\$	20,690 24,992
Total endowment net assets	\$	45,701	\$	45,682

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021

8. Endowment (continued)

Changes in Endowment Net Assets

Changes in endowment net assets were as follows for the years ended June 30:

-		2022		2021	
Endowment funds, beginning Investment return	\$	45,682 19	\$	45,630 52	
Endowment funds, ending	\$	45,701	\$	45,682	

9. Functionalized Expenses

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The Division utilizes a direct allocation methodology as its preferred method of allocating expenses, and it is used most often, provided it is reasonably efficient. Indirect allocation is used when the direct method is too burdensome, and the Division utilizes indirect allocation for certain natural categories of expenses. The expenses that are allocated indirectly include salaries, payroll taxes, and fringe benefits, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

10. Special Interest Groups

The Division established several Special Interest Groups (SIGs) to foster connections, further knowledge, and engage in conversations and activities that fall within shared interests of each SIG. The SIGs have no financial activity, and are simply groups who meet and discuss their shared interests. Accordingly, no financial activity is included in the Division's accompanying financial statements.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Division holds several lease agreements for office space and storage space in various parts of the United States; however, all of the lease agreements operate on a month-to-month basis.

11. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Government Grants

The government funds that the Division receives from various agencies are subject to audit under the provisions of the respective grant agreements. The ultimate determination of amounts received under these grants is based upon the allowance of costs reported to and accepted by the oversight agency. Until such grants are closed out, there exists a contingency to refund any amount received in excess of allowable costs. Management is of the opinion that no material liability exists.

Litigation

The Division holds liabilities in potential litigation arising from its ordinary course of business. While the ultimate outcome of these matters can never be wholly determinable, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of any potential litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Division.

Hotel Contracts

The Division entered into several agreements with various hotels for future meeting sites. In the event the Division cancels its agreement with the hotels, it can be held liable for liquidated damages or other cancellation fees.

Employment Agreements

The Division has employment agreements with several key employees. These agreements contain terms that require severance payments upon the occurrence of certain contractual events.

12. Employee Benefits

The Division has established a SIMPLE IRA plan ("the Plan"), which will match dollar for dollar employee elective deferrals up to 3% of wages earned during the year. All employees meeting certain eligibility requirements can participate in the Plan. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Division contributed \$7,696 and \$6,486 to the Plan, respectively.

13. Programs

Separate accounts are maintained for each fund; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into activity groups. The primary activity groups and their related purposes are summarized as follows:

Conference

Costs associated with the Division's annual conference focusing on the advancement of, and current issues of concern to, individuals who work with or on behalf of infants and young children who have special needs and their families, which include the conference planner, hotel accommodations, and printing of conference materials.

Education and Publications

Costs associated with quarterly publication of the *Journal of Early Intervention* and *Young and Exceptional Children* journals, books, monographs, and other publications are included in education and publications. Examples of expenses include copy editing and production costs. Also included are costs associated with the dissemination of early childhood information at the national and local level in order to advance early childhood intervention information and promote recommended practices. Examples include travel and relations professionals' fees.

Member Services

Member services costs include those associated with outreach services to associates, students, sponsored state subdivision members, and under-represented groups regarding the promotion of quality services for young children and their families. The Division supports local subdivisions by providing rebates based on local membership and administrative support. Examples of these expenses include website development, rebates and incentives, and costs associated with collection of member dues.

General and Administrative

Costs associated with the general administration and operations of the Division are not directly attributable to a specific program. Examples include administrative salaries and fringe benefits, space costs, office supplies, and accounting.

14. Income Taxes

The Division is exempt from payment of taxes on income other than net unrelated business income under IRC Section 501(c)(3). For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no significant unrelated business income and, accordingly, no federal or state income taxes have been recorded. Management has evaluated the Division's tax positions and concluded that the financial statements do not include any uncertain tax positions.